Wisdom to make a difference.

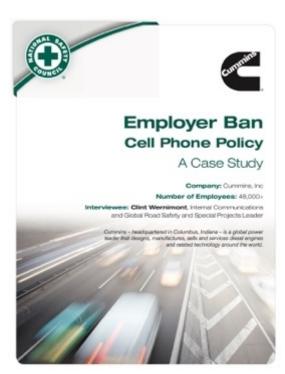
Improving Academic Safety Culture through Leadership and Empowerment: How to Ask and Answer Safety Questions Well

Ralph Stuart, CIH, CCHO
Environmental Safety Manager
Chemical Hygiene Officer
Keene State College

Improving Organizational Safety Culture

How did your employees react to the roll out of the policy?

- The reaction to the policy was split between those who felt they would not be as productive if unable to conference while driving, and those who were relieved that conferencing and driving would no longer be acceptable or expected...
- Recognizing that driving is the most dangerous activity that most people participate in daily reinforces the idea that our full attention must be placed on that task.



Classification of Organizational Cultures

From Safe Science





FIGURE 3-1 Complexities of student perception http://www.phdcomics.com/comics/archive.php? Used with permission from "Piled Higher and Dε





Table 1 How organisations process information

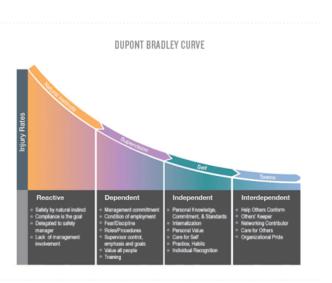
| Pathological | Bureaucratic | Generative | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Power oriented | Rule oriented | Performance oriented | |
| Low cooperation | Modest cooperation | High cooperation | |
| Messengers shot | Messengers neglected | Messengers trained | |
| Responsibilities | Narrow | Risks are shared | |
| shirked | responsibilities | | |
| Bridging discouraged | Bridging tolerated | Bridging encouraged | |
| Failure→ | Failure→ | Failure→ | |
| scapegoating | justice | inquiry | |
| Novelty crushed | Novelty→ problems | Novelty implemented | |

Organizational Responses to Surprises

My Experiences:

- Bully culture: deny the event and repress questions
- 2) Bureaucratic culture: blame the individual and train everyone else
- 3) Resilient culture: repent and throw (a few) new resources at the problem
- 4) Generative culture: review the event and incorporate changes from Lessons Learned

An organization can house all of these at the same time.



The Challenge to a Generative Culture

T-shirt wisdom: "True fear comes from within"

Some Signs that Fear is Driving Behavior:

- Work happening faster than is reasonable
- Secrets personal or organizational
- Body language





Empowerment = asking questions that get useful answers **Leadership** = ability to ask questions that uncover secrets and elicit questions that aren't being asked that should be

When Worlds Collide

Start Manacled Slim Wrists at 1:27

A Real Life Lab Safety Example

- During a Teaching Lab last
 October, students boiled 8 setups
 of 500 ml of acetic acid to
 dryness in 4 hoods
- In each of the 4 classes, the lab filled with a "strong vinegar" smell
- The PhD chemist and the research-experienced lab Teaching Assistant called me the next week to see why the hoods "weren't working"
- Two different worlds came together - lab ventilation and chemistry education



Any Ideas of the Pathway of the Odors?



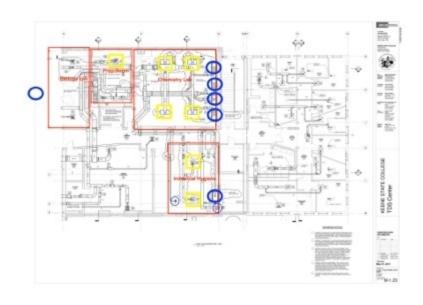


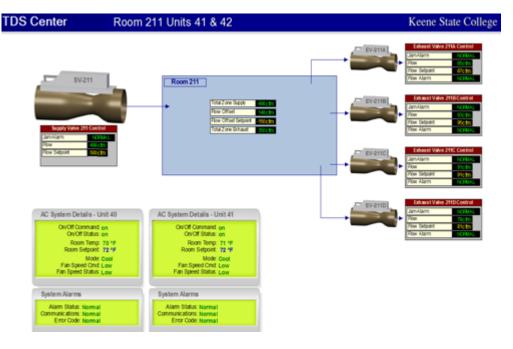
The Lab Vent Assessment Approach: 1) Air Movement Direction

- Capture velocity involves both speed and direction
- First, we check the direction of airflow in the lab

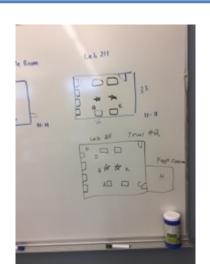


2) Assessing Speed: What Does Building Tell Us?

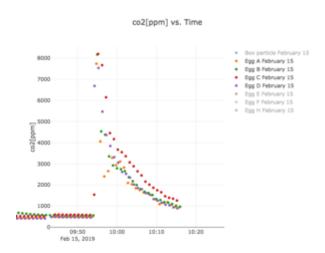




3) Assessing Speed: The Field Approach





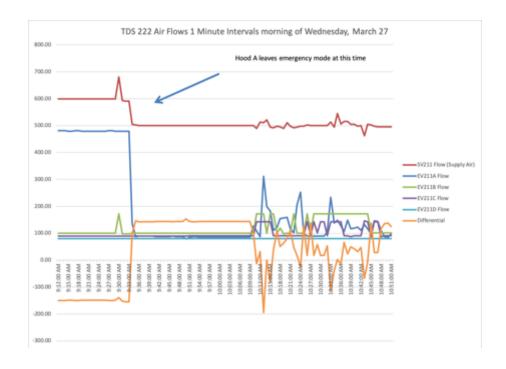


| Device Name | Start Time | End Time | # Data Points | Observed ACH [per hour] | R ² | Concentration Half Life [minutes] |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------|---|
| Egg A February 15 | 2019-02-15 09:55:47 | 2019-02-15 10:04:47 | 10 | 3.58 | 0.55 | 11.62 |
| Egg 8 February 15 | 2019-02-15 09:56:00 | 2019-02-15 10:05:00 | 10 | 5.21 | 0.93 | 7.99 |
| Egg C February 15 | 2019-02-15 09:56:13 | 2019-02-15 10:09:13 | 14 | 5.69 | 0.95 | 7.30 |
| Egg D February 15 | 2019-02-15 09:56:18 | 2019-02-15 10:05:18 | 10 | 6.74 | 0.98 | 6.17 |
| | | | Average: | 5.31 | 0.85 | 8.27 |
| | | | Std Dev P: | 1.14 | 0.18 | 2.04 |
| | | | Rel Std Dev: | 22% | 21% | 25% |

Any new theories?



My Current Working Theory (#4)



So are the Odors a Problem? Explaining the Toxicology of Acetic Acid

Acetic acid is a clear, colorless, flammable liquid with a pungent odor. At lower concentrations the odor of acetic acid is sour, vinegar-like and can be detected at concentrations from 0.48 to 1.0 ppm.

ACETIC ACID

CAS: 64-19-7

Synonyms: Acetic acid, glacial; Ethanoic acid; Ethylic acid; Glacial acetic acid; Methanecarboxylic acid; Vinegar acid

Molecular formula: C₂H₄O₂

Structural formula: H₃C-COOH

TLV-TWA, 10 ppm (25 mg/m³) TLV-STEL, 15 ppm (37 mg/m³)



Does this Information Answer the Question?

Questions Yet to Be Addressed

- Does the odor (really) travel among the labs?
- What are the acetic acid levels being reached in the lab?
- How do we provide better control of fugitive odors in this lab?



Attributes of Good Questions

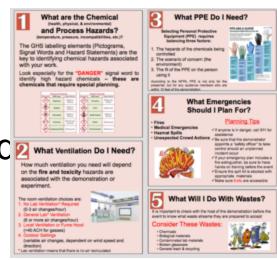
Finding the right expert

- Availability of expert
- Language of the question need to be negotiated

Timing

- Establishing urgency
- Observability of concern

Framing the Level of Concern





Tips to Getting Useful Answers

- 1. Ask questions early and often
 - Asking questions takes experience and an emergency is not the time to practice
 - Think of your questions as an empowerment opportunity
- 2. Find the person with **the right skills** to answer the question
- 3. Expect to **take time** to develop a common language in order to frame the question correctly
- 4. Be patient and persistent

Follow up from Sunday's talk: Answering Questions Partners Training and Education

Education

"Ivory Tower" Intellectuals

- Correct, but often not useful, answers
- "That guy again"

Empowered Leadership

Actionable answers

The Public

Confused and confusing answers

"Siloed" Bureaucrats

- Possible but often irrelevant answers
- "Administrative issues"



Remember We're All in This Together

